

GRAT STAYS DOWN IN OFFICE CHAIRS

Hall Says the Reprehensible Culprit is at Home in the Departments.

PURCHASING DEPARTMENT.

Resolution Adopted by Council Last Night Provides for Official to be Appointed by the Mayor.

Under the stimulus of a heated discussion, direct charges of graft were made against the heads of departments and a council committee last night by councilmen L. E. Hall and J. D. Murdoch in a meeting of the city council. As a result of the exposure of the secret methods employed in purchasing city supplies it is possible that a purchasing department and store house will be created. The first steps were taken last night when Hall's resolution asking the city attorney to draw up an ordinance providing for a supply department, the head of which shall be a purchasing agent, to be appointed by the mayor and hold office at his pleasure without confirmation of the city council, was passed. Councilman T. R. Black, L. J. Wood and L. D. Martin were the only members who finally opposed the measure.

In his opening remarks, Councilman Hall declared that there were wholesale houses represented in the council from which supplies were being purchased. He stated further that the orders of the council were openly violated by the heads of departments who refused to ask for bids on supplies as the council had recommended.

He then said that he believed, "that there is a raffle-off on the purchasing of supplies. There is one thing certain, however, the city pays more for its supplies than any other community in the state. I believe that the purchasing agent. These firms which I have reason to believe are represented by employees of the city are given these orders at their own price without competition."

BLACK IS RESENTFUL.

This seemed to hit Councilman Black who is directly interested in the Salt Lake Hardware company and he sharply resented it. He said that his firm only wanted all its dealings on a businesslike basis.

In an instant Councilman Martin rose and the floor and in a bantering manner offered the city \$10,000 for the position of purchasing agent. He declared that the position was susceptible to graft and that he would like to see a committee to handle the department for a year or two.

When Councilman J. D. Murdoch obtained the floor he gave two instances in the waterworks department where shoddy dealings were suspected.

"On one occasion," he said, "the water department ordered a car load of lead pipe without the knowledge of the council or the waterworks committee, as near as I can find out. After the pipe was standing in a car on the sidewalk in the Oregon Short Line yards, a requisition was presented to the council and that they had not. I believe that the pipe represented several requisitions which were brought into the council month after month."

ANOTHER CASE.

"In February the superintendent of the waterworks bought some meters without asking permission of anybody. When the requisition came in, I asked if bids had been solicited. When I found that they had not, I demanded that bids be called for and the order cancelled. This was done and after asking for the bids, Councilman O'Donnell and Cowburn wanted to grant the order. I believe that they were not. Myself and Stewart objected and finally won out, saving the city \$135.50 on seventeen meters."

"Then on another contract for supplies in the water department on brass fitting and connections the city was saved \$527 by simply asking for bids."

W. Mont Ferry was at first opposed to the department, saying that he would have a purchasing agent and would place too much power in one man's hands. After it was agreed that the mayor should have the right to appoint a purchasing agent and remove him without the confirmation of the council, Councilman Ferry voted in favor of the resolution.

FRANCHISE IS GRANTED.

The Oregon Short Line Railroad company and the Salt Lake and Ogden Railway company were granted a joint franchise over Third West street from South Temple to Fourth South street. This brought forth bitter opposition between the councilmen, and efforts were made to amend the franchise so that it would not be acceptable to either company. Mr. Black will ask for a reconsideration of the matter at the next council meeting.

On account of the pending legislation which is still in the hands of Governor Spry, the council took no action on the milk ordinance. The liquor ordinance was laid over to come up this next week. The ordinance which will prohibit the sale of beer and wine at saloons was changed so that the governor vetoed the liquor bill which was passed by the legislature.

AN UNNECESSARY EXPENSE.

There is no need of being to the expense of sending for a doctor in a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is at hand. No physician can prescribe a better medicine. For sale by all druggists.

FOR PROSPERITY WEEK.

The seven committees having in charge the management of Prosperity Week met yesterday afternoon at the chamber of commerce to discuss the methods of procedure. The plan in use at the annual exhibits of the State Fair Association for the last two years was adopted. Chairman O. B. Meredith of the committee on window displays reported work had already been started and another meeting of the committee being held this afternoon at the chamber of commerce. A. A. Beasley, chairman of the program committee, reported the intention to have as many bands and floats as possible, with concerts by the various college and school bands of the state.

Busted

Many a man goes broke—in health—when wealth. Blames his mind—says it don't work right; but all the time it's his bowels. They don't work—liver dead and the whole system gets clogged with poison. Nothing kills good, clean-cut brain action like constipation. CASCARETS will relieve and cure. Try it now.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

EXECUTIVE'S AX HITS FOUR BILLS

Des Moines Bill, Badger Liquor Measure and "Ripper" Act Fall in Basket.

HIS REASONS ARE PROMISED.

Will File Explanation of His Actions With the Secretary of State Today, Says Secretary Hardy.

VETOED BY GOVERNOR.

S. B. 89, by Marks, providing for police and fire commission in Salt Lake City, and police and fire departments in cities of 12,000 and over.

S. B. 100, by Benner K. Smith, proposing the adoption of the Des Moines plan of city government in Salt Lake City.

S. B. 139, by committee on municipal corporations, companion measure to S. B. 100.

S. B. 145, by committee on manufactures and commerce, known as the Badger bill, providing for local option and regulation of liquor traffic.

Gov. William Spry has vetoed the liquor bill, the police and fire commission bill, and the Des Moines city government bill.

The announcement that he would veto these measures was made through his secretary, H. K. Hardy, late last night. The veto messages, accompanied by the executive's reasons for disapproving the measures, were to be prepared and submitted to the secretary of state today.

Assumed to be the reasons for vetoing the Badger bill are the alleged inconsistency and unconstitutionality of the measure. To Senator Kuchler is given the credit for injecting into the measure "jokers" which would render inoperative the provisions of the bill. The haste with which the senate passed the amended Badger bill, as it came from the house and was referred to the committee on manufactures and commerce in the senate, and reported back to the senate with the Kuchler jokers attached, now becomes apparent.

HANSEN BILL BURIED.

The senate already had buried in the room of the manufactures and commerce committee, the joint conference committee bill, known as the Hansen bill, or house bill 240, and that committee reported it back to the house to the last day of the session. The house had in its possession the untouched Badger bill, No. 148, which had been passed by the senate. The house, upon failure of the senate to act on the Hansen bill, which was proposed in accordance with the desire of the governor, decided to pass the Badger bill, as it was desired that some sort of prohibitory legislation become a law. The house amended the bill slightly, and sent it back to the senate for concurrence in the amendments.

In the light of the fact that the senate had smothered the Hansen bill, there appeared little likelihood that the upper branch would pass the Badger bill. But, lo! the condition suddenly changed, and the Badger bill, as amended by the house, was at once reported back to the senate by the committee on manufactures and commerce. Kuchler, the arch-agent of the whisky interests of the state, with the recommendation that it pass. Senator Kuchler had succeeded in having the "joker" amendments referred to the committee on manufactures and commerce, accounting for his affirmative vote on its first passage through the senate.

SEPARATE VOTING UNITS.

The bill as finally passed by the senate contained the provision that Salt Lake and Ogden should be separate units in voting on the question of local option, and Mr. Kuchler's amendment stated that the act should be operative in cities of over 12,000 inhabitants. "When the local votes of such cities shall have voted in favor of prohibition," the joker in the amendment was that it did not say "a majority of the voters of such cities" but the given as a probable reason for the veto of the governor, is the fact that the bill provided for state inspectors of liquor traffic to travel back and forth over the state, and the enforcement of the law, but the measure itself carried no appropriation for supplying means for the carrying out of its provisions. The bill was generally regarded as a weak one in most of its features, and not calculated to reach the ends sought by the majority of the people of the state, who wished the passage of a state-wide prohibition bill.

GOVERNOR HOLDS CONFERENCE.

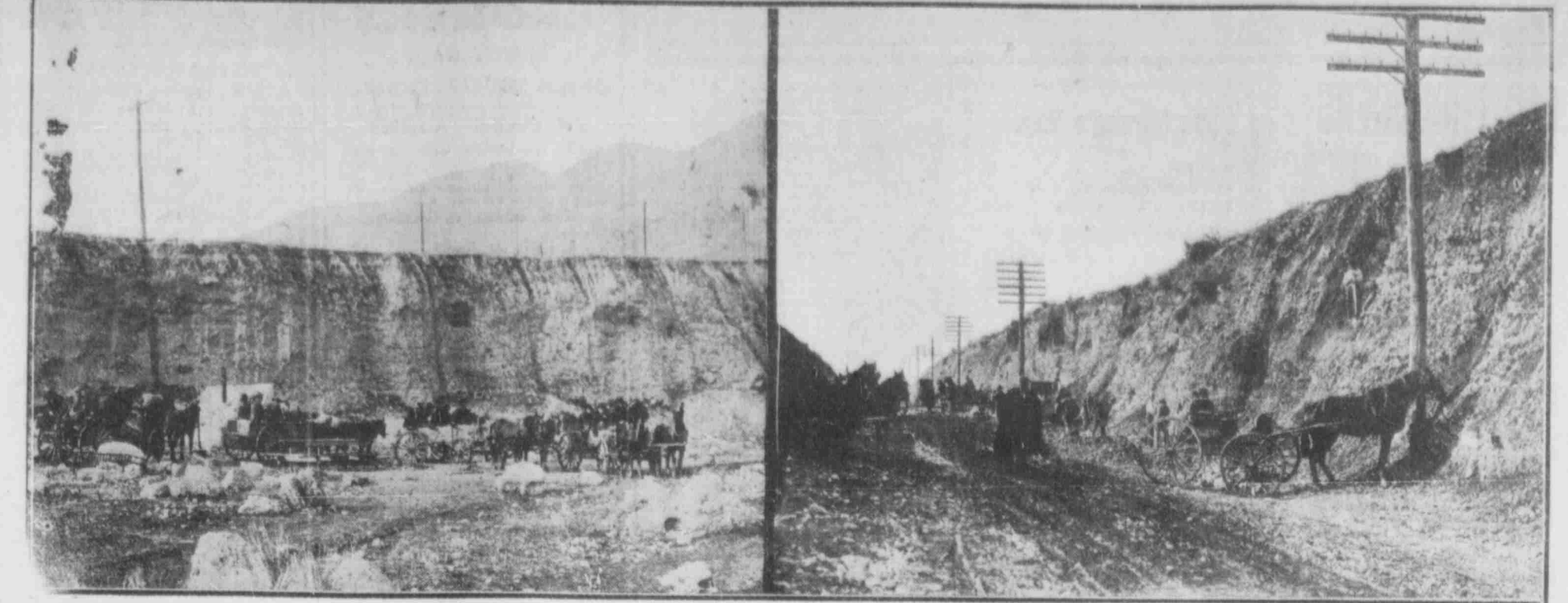
The governor's decision to veto the Des Moines bill was not reached until a fair show had been given both sides of the question to have a hearing. The Des Moines form of government. At the meeting Thomas G. Webster, J. G. McDonald, O. H. Hewlett, Senator Carl A. Badger, Frank B. Stephens, George H. Forbes, R. B. Porter, James Ingham, George P. Keyser, V. P. Smith, Henry W. Lawrence, Dr. T. B. Beatty, H. L. Nelson, D. H. Christensen and Oscar L. Cox spoke in favor of the bill. George W. Meyer and City Attorney J. J. Dinnany moved in opposition to the bill.

Governor Spry at the meeting expressed himself as believing the concentration of power vested in the commission of five by the bill was fraught with danger in that a powerful machine might be built up which could not be overthrown, and that was the main reason for his veto. He thought it should be disapproved. The conference lasted until late in the afternoon, and although the supporters of the measure were given full opportunity to present their case, their representations were without avail, as exemplified in the governor's veto.

POLICE AND FIRE BILL.

The police and fire commission bill, which received its death blow at the hands of the governor's pen, provided for the turning over of the police and fire department of this city to a commission to be appointed by the governor. The measure was introduced in the senate by Senator Marks of Salt Lake, where it passed with the negative votes of President Gardner and Senator Hulaniski, Benner K. Smith, John V. Smith, Kuchler and Burton. The bill went to the house where it was passed after some debate. It was sent to the governor and the idea seemed to prevail that

THERE IS WORK FOR VAGRANTS AND HOBOES IN SALT LAKE



FOUR WAGONS LOADED WITH CHAIN GANG GRADUATES.

Photos by Harry Shipley.

PRISONERS IMPROVING THE SHINING HOUR ON COUNTY ROAD.

Whether or not prison labor is a success in some parts of the country, certain it is that much good is being done by it in Salt Lake and vicinity. Anyone doubting the assertion needs but to take a trip north of the city to a point about a mile beyond the Warm Springs between that place and Beck's Hot Springs, watch the city chain gang at work on the roadway, observe what has been done as a result of its labors and be convinced.

The Salt Lake City chain gang works by fits and starts, that is, during several months out of the year there is no gang, except in comfortable quarters in the city bastille. Then of a sudden the chief of police decides to put the drunks, vagrants and thieves to work. The prisoners are herded into

wagons, transported to some point near the city and set to work improving and beautifying the roads. The prisoners are then serving out their sentences literally as imposed upon them and besides receiving the punishment due them do a vast amount of good to the city, and the gang becomes the terror of such evil doers as shirk labor like a southern drifter beats it from a blood hunt.

About a month ago Chief of Police Barlow decided it was time for the idle prisoners to get busy. He made arrangements with the street department for wagons and appointed Police Harris, Jones and Emil Johnson as guards. The prisoners were set to work making a new road at the point indicated and during the short time they have been to work wonders have been accomplished. Prior to this job, about a year ago, the gang was at work in City Creek canyon and did some splendid work.

Just north of the Warm Springs there is a big cut in the roadway that extends for a considerable distance. The road was in a terrible condition as it was filled with boulders and dirt and the cut required widening. Up to date a mile of this road has been placed in excellent condition. Hundreds of wagonloads of dirt and boulders have been hauled off daily and dumped where most needed. The road has been smoothed and made firm and at least a mile has been finished—all by prison labor.

The average number on the chain gang during the past month has been about 35 men and four teams. Since Chief Barlow and his men raided the notorious American house where the Barnett murder was committed, and since the police have been particularly and unusually active in their crusade against vagrants, the number has been increased. Yesterday and today there were 40 on the gang.

They eat breakfast at the city jail about 7 o'clock and are given a good meal of meat, potatoes, bread and coffee. They are served with the same wholesome food at their "camp" during the noon hour and then return to jail from their work at 4:30 p. m. Upon their arrival "home" they are given a chance to wash up and then get their last meal of the day, consisting of soup, bread, meat, potatoes and coffee. When the above pictures were taken, three prisoners on the gang, two Mexicans and one white man, made their escape. They could not stand the camera and played the game of "beating it" over the hills and far away. They have not been seen since and Chief Barlow is not worrying. In the picture is shown Guard Johnson in a vain endeavor to shield himself from the "deadly" aim of the camera. In one picture the men have delayed work long enough to be "sh" and in the other are shown on the wagons ready for the return journey.

There are many "long term" men on the gang at present. Their terms range from 90 to 120 days. Terms less than 60 days are not regarded as long ones. Chief Barlow has decided to dress the long timers in uniforms to distinguish them from the short stay men, as the authorities are particular to see that the long timers serve out their allotted time. He has secured for them khaki trousers and shirts which also worn by the men serving long sentences. This system serves two purposes and is a saving of expense.

When a prisoner has to serve more than 30 days, his own clothing is taken from him, and he is given a suit of khaki. In the meantime his own suit is thoroughly cleaned, repaired and pressed so that when the time is up he can leave the jail with a presentable appearance. The suit furnished him is done at the expense of the city.

as it was supposed to be an administration bill, from the fact that the Republican party would be the beneficiary of its enactment, the measure would receive the approval of the governor.

The same reasons were probably considered against the desirability of this bill as were urged by his excellency in the case of the Des Moines bill, that too much power would be concentrated in the bill in the hands of a few men, who might use it to the detriment of the public, for the bill was vetoed by Governor Spry, according to the authorized statement of his secretary. It was also freely stated that the bill was unconstitutional, and there is question that it would have been hotly contested in the courts by the party now in power in Salt Lake.

RACE SUICIDE.

As President Roosevelt calls it is not nearly the menace to increase in population that exists among infants are. And eight of ten of these deaths are directly or indirectly caused by bowel troubles. Mother's Baby Elixir cures diarrhea, dysentery, sour stomach and all infant ailments of this nature. Just for nothing for nothing babies. Price, 25c and 50c. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, 112-114 South Main St.

Expert Kodak Finishing. Harry Shipley, Commercial Photographer, 161 South Main, second floor.

FIRST BATTERY PUTS UP SPLENDID SHOWING

Major J. M. Arrasmith of Fort Douglas Inspects Artillerymen and Company II, First Infantry.

The annual government inspection of the National Guard began in this city last evening at the state armory by Major J. M. Arrasmith of the Fifteenth Infantry, stationed at Fort Douglas. The major has been inspecting companies A of Nephi, F of Mant, D of Mt. Pleasant, H of Richfield, and J of Brigham, the Mant command making a good showing for the \$50 prize offered by a member of the governor's staff showing up 40 men at inspection out of 48 on the roster.

A number of prominent citizens attended the First Battery inspection, and later that of H company, First Infantry, the organizations paraded last night. The major was accompanied by General Thomas Hull, the new surgeon general, Dr. E. S. Wright, Adjutant General Wedgwood, Lt. Col. Badger, Col. Plummer, Lieut. Dean of the major staff, Major William, Captain of the Fifteenth Infantry, and others. The battery was inspected in its gun room in the basement of the armory, where the 3.2 field rifles and equipment are found. The boys were right on their mettle. Fifty-five officers and men out of 58 on the roster were present, so that the four guns were fully manned. Captain W. C. Webb, with Lieut. Smith, Thomas and Brown, was in command. The guns were operated for ranges of 2,500, 3,000 and 4,000 yards, for continued, zone and volley firing with shell and shrapnel. First the guns were trained for 50 yards over the limit, then 50 yards under the limit to ascertain the range, with also a sweeping fire, the firing being by section and platoons. The platoons were then evidenced careful and long continued training. Every man worked with a vim and to a purpose, so that everything went off with the regulation precision. The inspecting officer carefully examined the guns, noted the movements of the men and then overhauled the 70 horse equipments. The books of the command and the hand-somely equipped platoon were also inspected, where every book and fixture was found to be in solid order, as was everything in the basement.

The visitors were much pleased with the showing of the battery, and Captain Webb with his officers came in for strong and hearty commendation. The battery quarters were in good condition and in the best of order. The firing was of course without ammunition, primers taking the place. Company H turned out 31 officers and men. The command was put through the manual of arms by Captain A. W. Young and First Lieut. W. A. Campbell. The men presented neat, soldierly appearance, with uniforms and equipment in good order. The command was marched about the hall in column of squads, by platoons and in company front, and gave every evidence of interest in their work.

In the afternoon Major Arrasmith inspected the quarters and stores of Post Quartermaster Sergeant Burkhardt, and the inspecting officer remarked that the stores of no regular army post were in better condition or were better cared

for than the property under Sergeant Burkhardt's care. Tonight, the hospital corps and field staff and band of the First regiment are to be inspected.

NEAR DEATH IN BIG POND.

It was a thrilling experience to Mrs. Ida Soper to face death. "For years a severe lung trouble gave me intense suffering," she writes, "and several times nearly caused my death. All remedies failed and doctors said I was incurable. Then Dr. King's New Discovery brought quick relief and a cure so permanent that I have not been troubled in twelve years." Mrs. Soper lives in Big Pond, Pa. It works wonders in Coughs and colds, Sore Throats, Hemorrhages, LaGrippe, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough and all Bronchial Affections. 30c and 60c Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Z. C. M. I. 112-114 South Main Street.

FUNERAL OF FRANCIS FORD.

Francis Ford was buried yesterday afternoon, after impressive services at the chapel of Undertaker Joseph William Taylor, commencing at 11 a. m. Rev. Bowman conducted the obsequies, and vocal selections were rendered by a quartet from the Sixteenth ward choir, and by Horace S. Easling. The latter sang "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot" and the quartet rendered the hymns "Praise Well All Earthly Honors" and "Rest on This Hillside Rest Consoling Remarks were made by Elder Walter Kiddle, and the ritual was read by the Rev. Mr. Armstrong. Ford was born in Devonshire, England, and was aged 55 years at the time of his death. He was father-in-law of Charles B. Rand, and had made his home with Mr. Rand for many years.

KILLS WOULD-BE SLAYER.

A merciless murderer is Apprentices with many victims. But Dr. King's New Life Pills kill by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing Constipation, Biliousness, Chills, Malaria, Headache and Indigestion. 25c at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 St. Salt Lake City.

ALL KINDS OF SEEDS.

Bailey & Sons Co., 62 East 2nd St.

TWO BUILDING PERMITS.

Two building permits were issued yesterday by Building Inspector Hirth which call for an expenditure of \$4,300. The permits follow: H. S. Deardorf, three story brick addition at No. 377 south Second West street, \$4,000. Helen C. Markes, brick addition at 825 west Eighth South street, \$300.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

The Hasamussen Springs Water company filed its articles of incorporation today with the secretary of state. The principal place of business will be at Clarkston, Cache county, where the company intends to install a water system. It is capitalized for \$5,000, divided into shares of \$100 each. Rasmusen, president, Philip Rasmusen, vice-president and Aron Rasmusen, secretary and treasurer. The Enterprise Canal company of Huntington, Emmet county, Idaho, filed its articles of incorporation today with the secretary of state. The company is capitalized for \$10,000, divided into shares of \$1 each, and is incorporated.

GRATEFUL FOR ECZEMA CURE.

Any Sufferer Can Write to Robt. Sussman of Toledo, Ohio, for full Information.

There are undoubtedly many frauds in the testimonials of medical firms—letters written by friends or even employees of the advertiser. But on the other hand, in some cases the testimonials are thoroughly genuine, gladly offered by prominent citizens, who are grateful for the cure.

Such a case is that of Robt. Sussman, a well known furrier of Toledo, Ohio, who for years suffered with a severe case of eczema. He described his case as almost unbearable. About five years ago he was induced to try the remedy, known as D. D. D. Prescription for eczema sufferers. He has gone out of his way to find sufferers and to tell them of this remedy. He has done this without pay, of course, and without ever having been requested to do so by the D. D. D. Company. It was simply the fact that his health, and very life, had been restored that made him so enthusiastic. Mr. Sussman recently wrote a letter offering to write to any eczema sufferer and to describe his case. If any reader of this paper should write Mr. Sussman request that self-addressed stamped envelope be enclosed. D. D. D. Prescription, also D. D. D. Soap, are strongly recommended in Salt Lake City by Druehl & Franklin and Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

today. It is the purpose of the company to construct a canal system to irrigate a tract of land in Emery county. Until the regular election of officers, Dr. Heber Leonard, William Cook, M. J. Blackburn, L. W. Johnson and J. H. Leonard have been chosen as a board of directors.

How can a person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs, and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. F. J. Hill Drug Co. (The Never Substitutors.)

Picture Framing. Everything new and up to date in frames and mouldings. C. R. Savage Co., 12 & 14 Main.

HEARING IN APRIL.

Interstate Commerce Commission Intends to Sit Here on Third of Month.

A telegram has been received by United States Marshal L. H. Smyth from the secretary of the interstate commerce commission asking him to secure a courtroom for a hearing on April 3. No one in official circles has any idea what the hearing is for, and the request is causing some speculation.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes. F. J. Hill Drug Co. ("The Never Substitutors.")

Pure Drugs and Prescriptions our specialty. Halliday Drug Company.

LECTURE ON ARCHAEOLOGY.

Miss Alice C. Fletcher, chairman of the committee on American archaeology of the Archaeological Institute at Washington, lectured last evening in the Lafayette school on "The Mythical Background of Archaeology." The lecturer spoke of the study in the island of Crete which has given the most complete picture of the world, and the definition of the forces of nature. She

discussed the ritualistic ceremonies of the American Indians, showing a similarity in the matter of beliefs between ancient and modern peoples. The University Mandolin club furnished music.

"My three years old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkush, Cashier, Wis. F. J. Hill Drug Co. ("The Never Substitutors.")

Nelson Glove Co.

Has moved to 69 East Third South.

TAYLORSVILLE CHOIR WINS.

At last evening's session of the carnival of music which is being held at Murray First ward during all this week, the choir contest was won by the Taylorsville choir. William Wetzel, director of music in the public schools of Salt Lake City, was the adjudicator. The audience was large and appreciative.

DEBATE TONIGHT.

In the Dalton-Barnhill debate in the public library hall tonight Mr. Barnhill will ask permission to quote from a former debate with Mr. Dalton certain statements which he considers will impugn the validity of the socialist position. He will also agree to embrace the socialist platform if Mr. Dalton will name one millionaire who has made money without the aid of monopolies.

Wednesday night Mr. Barnhill will affirm that capitalism serves the purposes of human progress more than socialism would. The above debates are open to the public without charge and questions will be invited from the audience.

OLD SQUABBLE RENEWED.

In a resolution passed by the city council last night a movement was launched to compel the county commissioners to properly remunerate the criminal division of the city court for handling state cases. The county has tried 480 cases in the court last year.

KEITH O'BRIEN

Announcement of Opening of a Bargain Department

In the line of progress Keith O'Brien will on Saturday open a bargain section on the floor below! It will be as distinct a department as any other in the store. It will have its own buyer, although the other departments will contribute to its support.

The Bargain Department will prove, as it grows, one of the best features the store has introduced.

Mr. Man, Don't You Need a New Shirt or Some Neckwear?

These Items for Wednesday Only

White pleated shirts—values \$1.50 and \$1.75—**\$1.00**

Negligee shirts—values \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00—**\$1.00**

50c neckwear—newest patterns—**\$1.00**

fresh stock—30c or 50c